

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
(Honorable Peter Lewis)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)	Criminal Case No. 08CR302 JLS
)	Magistrate Case No.: 08M8065
Plaintiff,)	Order For The Videotape Depositions
)	Of The Material Witness
vs.)	
CARLOS SAAVEDRA,)	
)	
Defendant.)	
_____)	

Pursuant to the motion of material witness Nuria Christina Ramirez [the “Material Witness”], by and through her attorney, Linda A. King, by appearance of the parties and their respective counsel, and good cause appearing:

Order

1. Unless the Material Witness is previously released from custody of both the U.S. Marshal and the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement, the Material Witness shall be deposed on **March 12, 2008 at 10 a.m.** The deposition will be held at the U.S. Attorney’s office in San Diego, California. An employee of U.S. Attorney’s shall serve as the videotape operator.

2. All shall attend the depositions. The arresting agency shall bring the Material Witness to the deposition and remain present during the proceeding. If the defendant is in custody, he shall be brought separately to the deposition.

1 3. The United States Attorney's Office shall arrange for a court-certified interpreter to be present
2 for the Material Witness, if necessary. The cost of the interpreter for the Material Witness will be borne by
3 the United States. See 28 U.S.C.

4 4. If defendant needs an interpreter independent of the Material Witness interpreter (if any),
5 defense counsel will arrange for a court-certified interpreter to be present. The cost of a separate interpreter
6 shall be paid by the court.

7 5. The U.S. Attorney's Office shall arrange for a certified court reporter to be present. The court
8 reporter shall stenographically record the testimony and serve as a notary and preside at the depositions in
9 accordance with Rule 28(a), Fed.R. Civ. P. The cost of the court reporter shall be borne by the U.S.
10 Attorney's Office.

11 6. The deposition shall be videotape recorded. Prior to the conclusion of the deposition, the
12 deponent, or a party, may elect to have the deponent review the videotape record of her deposition and to
13 note any changes. Any errors or changes, and the reasons for making them, shall be stated in writing and
14 such writing shall be signed by the deponent.

15 7. The videotape operator shall select and supply all equipment required to videotape and
16 audiotape the depositions and shall determine all matters of staging and technique, such as number and
17 placement of cameras and microphones, lighting, camera angle, and background. He/She shall determine
18 these matters in a manner that accurately reproduces the appearance of the witnesses and assures clear
19 reproduction of each witness testimony and the statements of counsel.

20 The witness, or any party to the action, may place upon the record any objection to the videotape operator's
21 handling of any of these matters. Such objection shall be considered by the Court in ruling on the
22 admissibility of the video and/or audiotape record. All such objections shall be deemed waived unless made
23 promptly after the objector knows, or has reasonable grounds to know, of the basis of such objection.

24 8. The Material Witness shall be deposed in an order as determined the Assistant United States
25 Attorney conducting the deposition for the prosecution. The deposition shall be recorded in a fair, impartial,
26 objective manner. The videotape equipment shall be focused on the witness, however, the videotaped
27 operator may from time to time focus upon charts, photographs, exhibits or like material being shown to the
28 witness during the position.

1 9. Before examination of the witness, the notary shall state on the video/audio record (a) his/her
2 name and address, (b) the date, time and place of the depositions, [c] the name of the witness and the
3 caption of the action, and (d) the identity of the parties and the names of all persons present in the room.
4 The notary shall then swear the witness on the video record. Further, at the beginning of the examination
5 by each counsel, the counsel shall identify himself/herself and his/her respective client on the record. If
6 more than one videotape is used, the notary shall repeat items (a), (b) and [c] at the beginning of each new
7 tape.

8 10. The videotape operator shall not stop the video recorder after the deposition commences until
9 it concludes, except, however, that any party may request a cessation for a brief recess, which request will
10 be honored unless another party objects and states the basis for said objection on the record. Each time the
11 tape is stopped or started, the videotape operator shall announce the time on the record. If the deposition
12 requires the use of more than one tape, the end of each tape and the beginning of the next shall be
13 announced orally on the video record by the operator.

14 11. Testimonial evidence objected to shall be recorded as if the objection had been overruled and
15 the court shall rule on the objection prior to admitting that portion of the deposition. The party raising the
16 objection(s) shall be responsible for preparing a transcript for the court to consider. All objections to the
17 evidence presented shall be deemed waived unless made during the deposition.

18 12. If requested by a party, the deposition testimony, if offered other than for impeachment, may
19 be presented in non-stenographic audio/visual format, in which case no transcript need be prepared in
20 advance of trial, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, See Fed. R. Civ. P 32 [c].

21 13. Copies of all exhibits utilized during the videotaped deposition shall be marked for identification
22 during the deposition and filed along with the videotape.

23 14. At the conclusion of the deposition, the Government and defendants will advise the material
24 witness attorney if they intent to object to the release of the material witness. If the parties do not object
25 to the witness release, the Government and defense attorney will immediately approve an order for the
26 material witness release from custody. The Government will provide the witness with a subpoena for the
27 trial date, a travel advance fund letter, and written authorization to enter the United States to testify at trial

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1 15. If either party objects to the release of the material witness, the objecting party must
2 immediately request in writing a hearing on the issue before the District Court within four business hours
3 after the deposition is concluded. At the hearing, the objecting party must be prepared to show why the
4 release of the material witness is not appropriate under 18 U.S.C § 3144. If, after the hearing, the Court
5 decides to release the material witness, the material witness attorney should file the witness release order
6 immediately. Again, the Government must serve the witness with a trial subpoena, a travel fund advance
7 letter, and written authorization to legally enter the United States to testify at trial before the material
8 witness is released.

9 16. Upon request by either party, the videotape operator shall provide a copy of the videotape
10 deposition to the requesting party at the requesting party's expense. After preparing the requested copies,
11 if any, the videotape operator shall turn the original videotape over to the notary along with a certificate
12 signed by the videotape operator attesting that the videotape is an accurate and complete record of the
13 deposition.

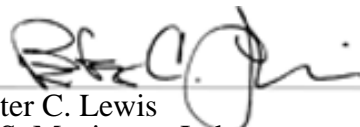
14 17. The notary shall file this original tape, along with the any exhibits offered during the deposition,
15 with the Court in a sealed envelope marked with the caption of the case, the name of the witness and the
16 date of the deposition. To that envelope, the notary shall attach the sworn statement that the videotape is
17 accurate and complete record of the recorded deposition and certification that the witness was duly sworn
18 by the officer.

19 18. To the extent that the procedures set forth herein for the videotaping vary from those set forth
20 in Rules 28 and 30 F.R. Civ.P., these variation are found to be for good cause shown as allowed by F.R.
21 Civ.P. 29.

22 19. Unless waived by the parties, the notary must give prompt notice to all parties of the filing of
23 the videotape record of the deposition with the Court pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 30(f)(3).

24 **It is Ordered.**

25 DATED: February 22, 2008

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Peter C. Lewis
U.S. Magistrate Judge
United States District Court

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